

Powering Forward: The Latest in Solid Oxide Stack Technology at Nexceris

OFCHC Solid Oxide Forum
September 9th, 2025



Premier Solution Provider to the Climate Tech Industry

Vertically Integrated Material Science and Engineering Firm

- ▶ Over 30 years of continuous business operations.
- ▶ Servicing the industry with products and services since 2000.
- ▶ Electrochemical products through Fuel Cell Materials (FCM).
- ▶ Catalyst services through HeatPath Solutions.
- ▶ Battery safety through Li-ion Tamer.



Fuel Cell
Materials



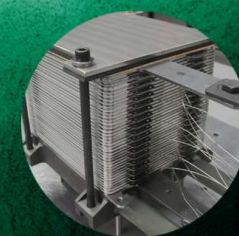
Materials
Solutions



Energy Storage
Safety



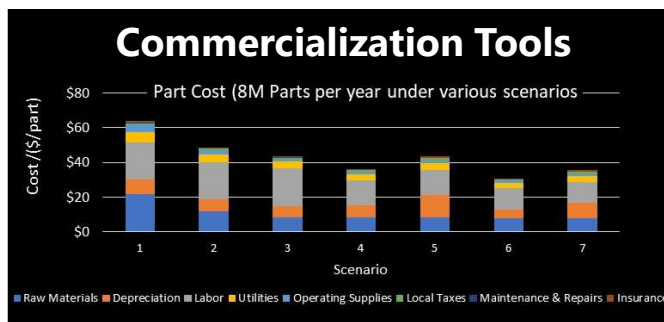
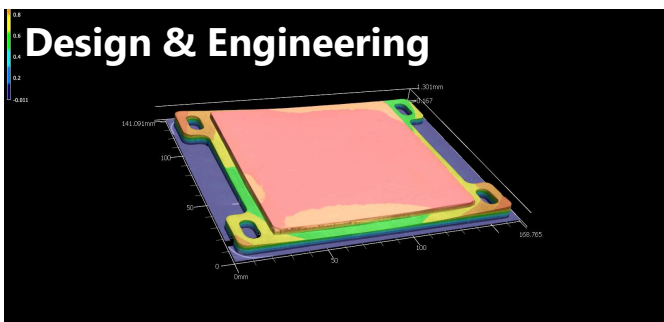
Hydrogen
Sensors



Solid Oxide
Stacks

Nexceris Capabilities

Connecting Technology Interfaces with Nexceris Capabilities to Provide Value



► The best solutions come from the use of multiple capabilities.

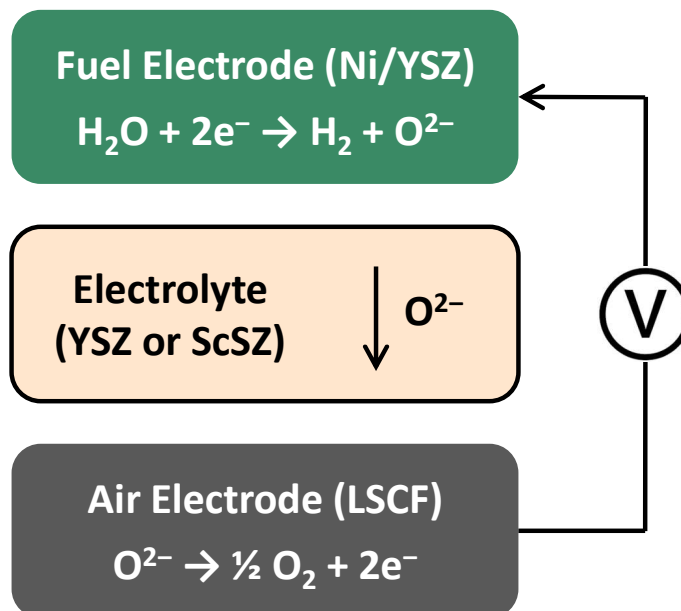
Nexceris – a vertically integrated SOC technology provider



Nexceris is vertically integrated – from materials and cells to stacks and breadboard systems.

Alternative Electrolysis Technologies

Attribute	SOEC	PEM	Alkaline
Electrolyte	Ceramic	Polymer	KOH
System Efficiency (KWh/kgH ₂)	37-48	50-60	50-60
Stack Life (hours)	50k	50-90k	60-100k
Operating T (°C)	600-800	50-80	70-90
Co-Electrolysis (syngas)	Yes	No	No



SOEC provides a path to ultra-high electrical efficiencies with versatility for alternative fuels and power generation (ReSOC)

Cell Design Options for Planar SOEC Stacks



Electrolyte Supported Cells

- ▶ Membrane thickness: 100-200 microns.
- ▶ High conductivity (ScSz) electrolyte membrane.
- ▶ Operating Temperature: 750 to 850 °C.
- ▶ Dense cell periphery makes stack sealing easier.
- ▶ Thin fuel electrode reduces mass-transport limitations
- ▶ Manufacturers: Nexceris, Bloom, Oxeon, Sunfire.



Fuel Electrode Supported Cells

- ▶ Membrane thickness: 3-10 microns.
- ▶ High intrinsic performance (thin electrolyte membrane).
- ▶ Operating Temperature: 600 to 700 °C.
- ▶ Stack sealing can be challenging (porous support layer).
- ▶ Suffer from Mass-transport limitations
- ▶ Manufacturers: FCE, Topsoe, Elcogen, SolydEra.

Electrolysis Specific SOEC Stack Design

Designing a SOEC stack

Stack Design Approach

- ▶ It's not as simple as running a fuel cell stack in reverse!
- ▶ Nexceris established the following hierarchy of stack design goals: Durability > Performance > Cost.
- ▶ Clean-Slate. All historical stack design decisions were questioned: Were they legacy to fuel cell operation? Are they still valid for electrolysis?

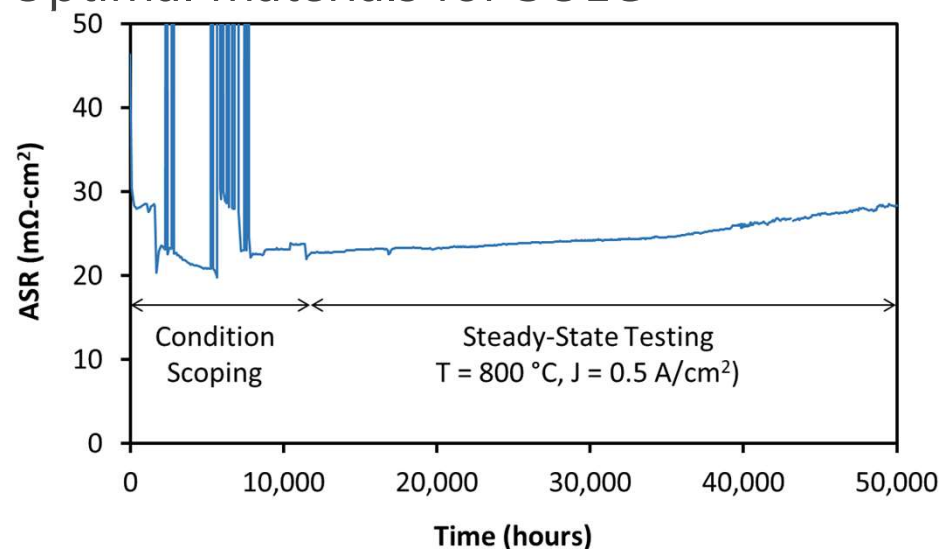
Stack Design and Validation Progress

- ▶ Core stack design established.
- ▶ SOEC-specific electrode materials sets established.
- ▶ CFD modeling to optimize reactant flow distribution uniformity.
- ▶ Components fabricated and several test iterations completed.



Electrolysis Specific SOEC Stack Design

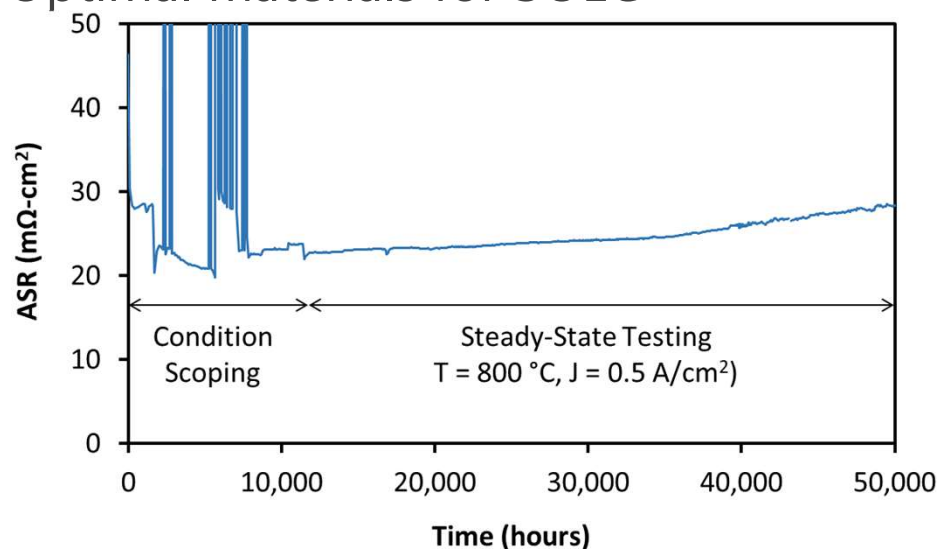
Optimal materials for SOEC



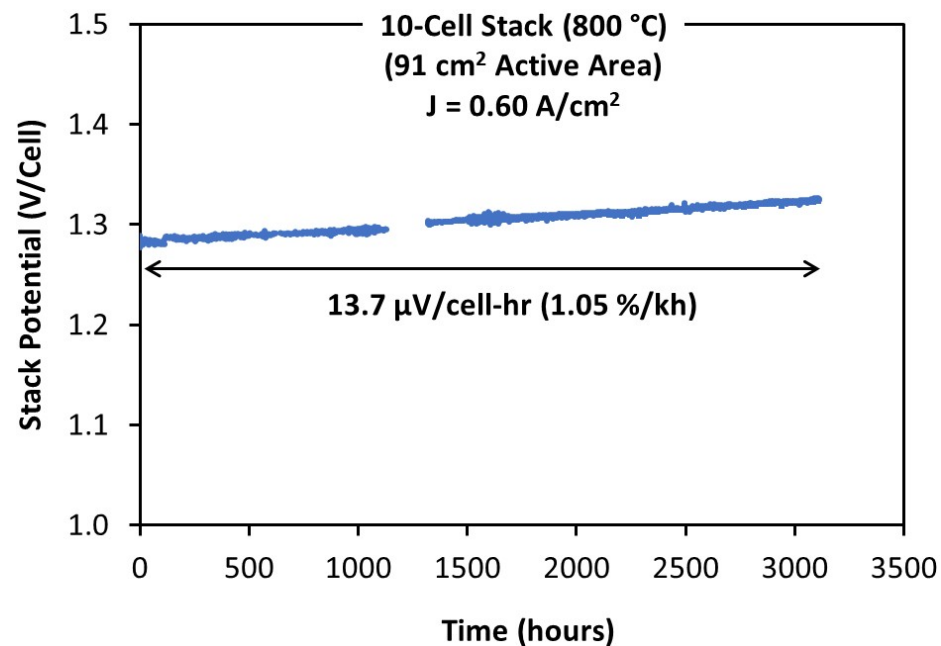
- ▶ ChromLok™ coatings on ferritic steel interconnects and current collectors mitigate corrosion, reducing stack degradation

Electrolysis Specific SOEC Stack Design

Optimal materials for SOEC

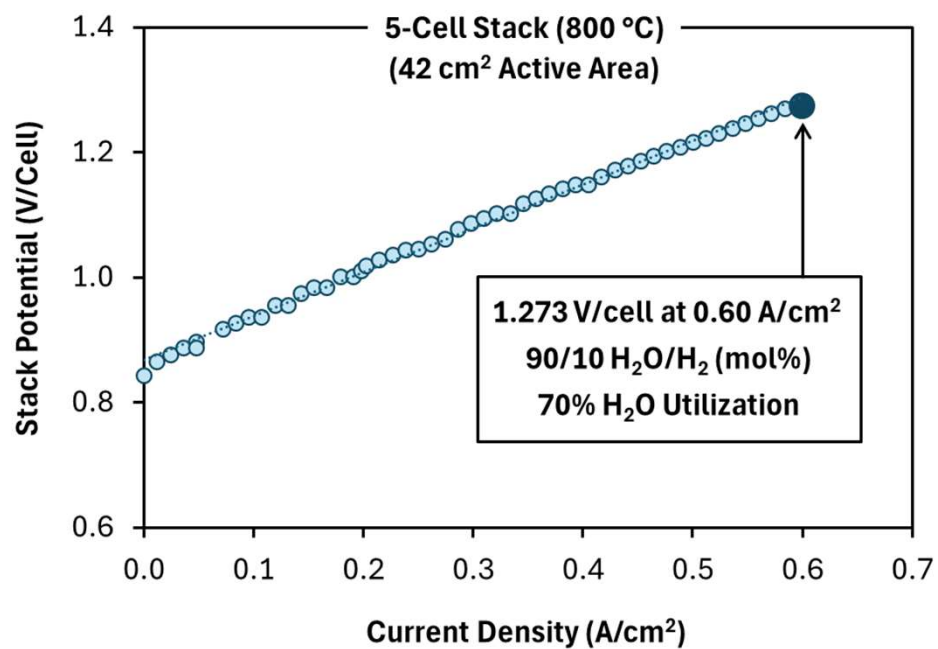


- ▶ ChromLok™ coatings on ferritic steel interconnects and current collectors mitigate corrosion, reducing stack degradation



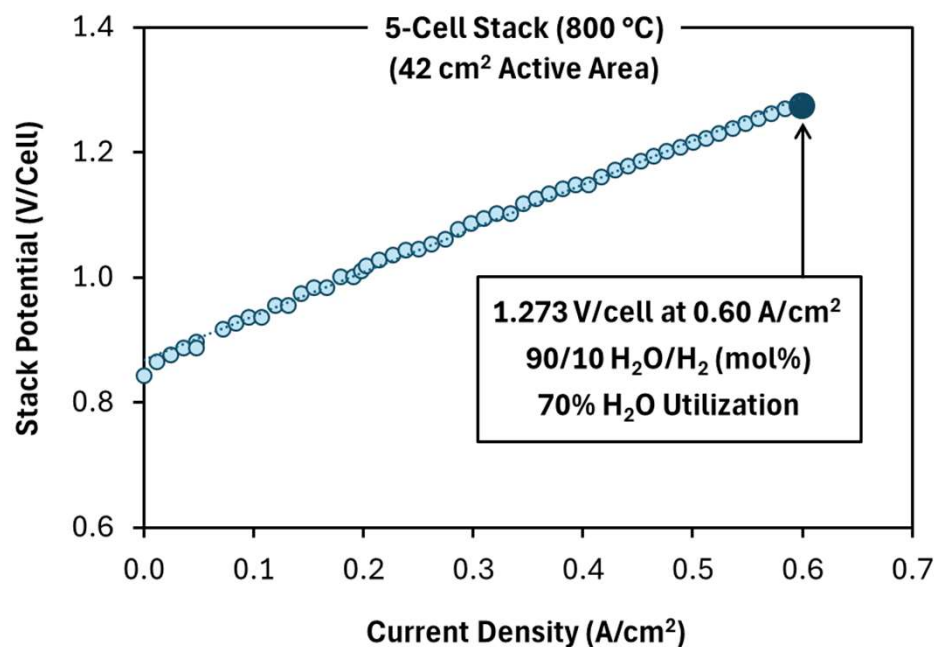
- ▶ Over 3,000 hours of SOEC durability completed with optimized electrodes and coatings

Electrolysis Specific SOEC Stack Design

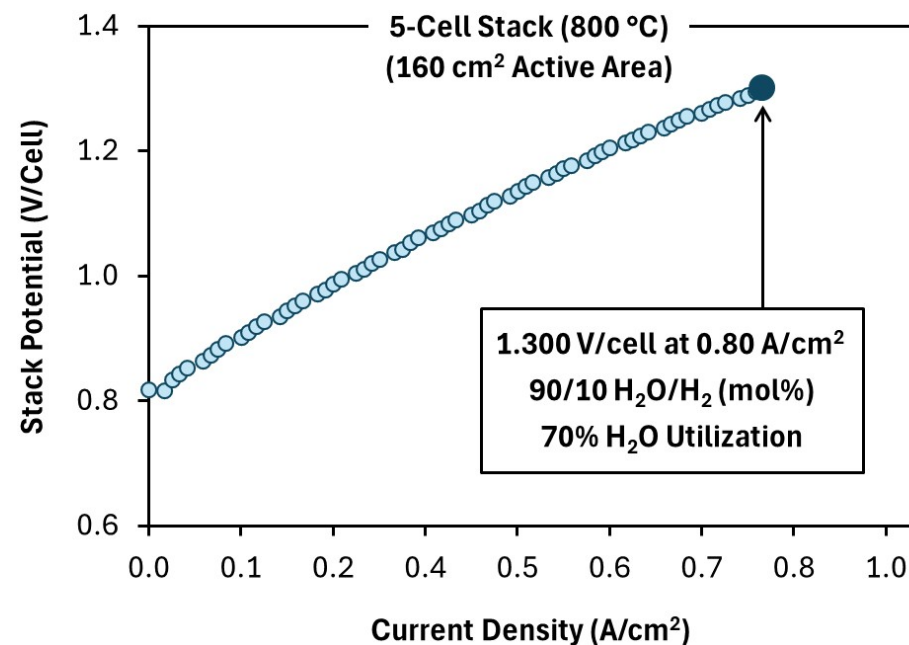


- ▶ Previous generation stack optimized for SOFC

Electrolysis Specific SOEC Stack Design



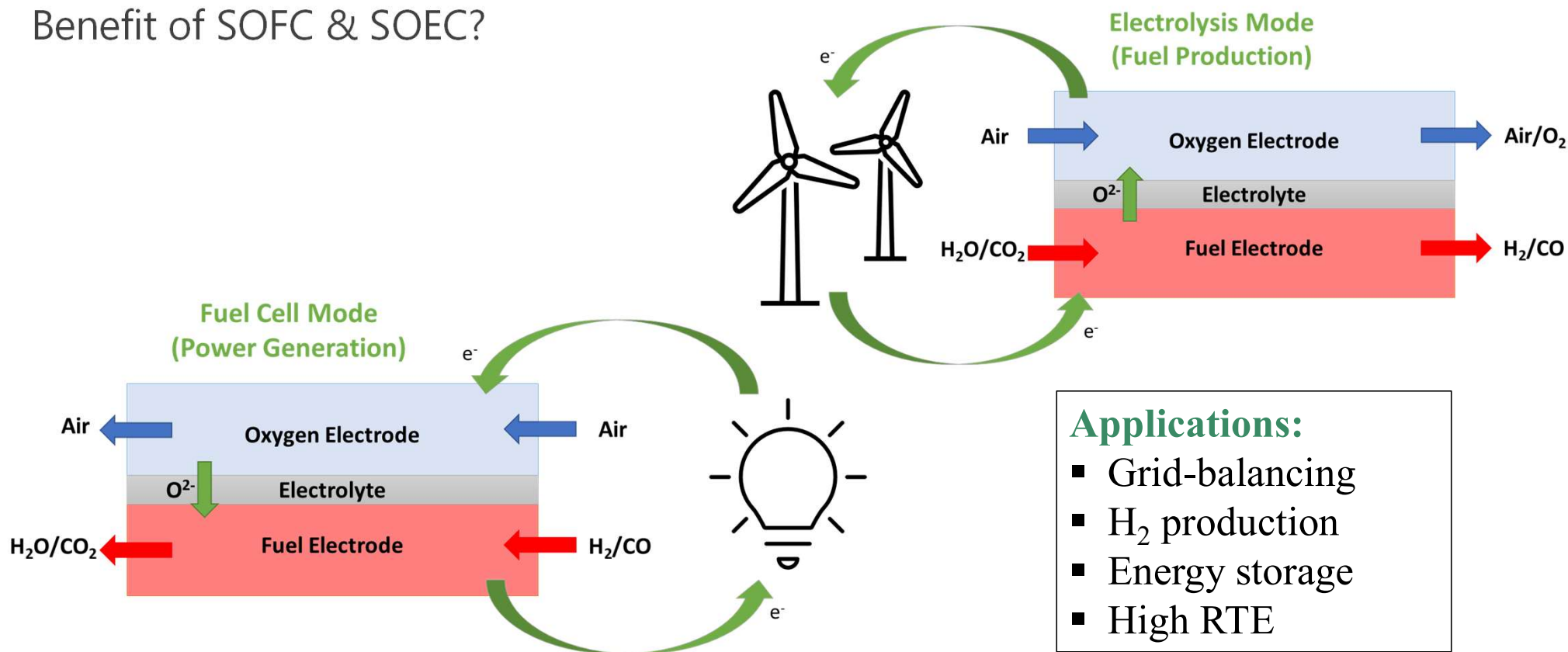
- ▶ Previous generation stack optimized for SOFC



- ▶ SOEC optimized stack design provides significant performance improvement

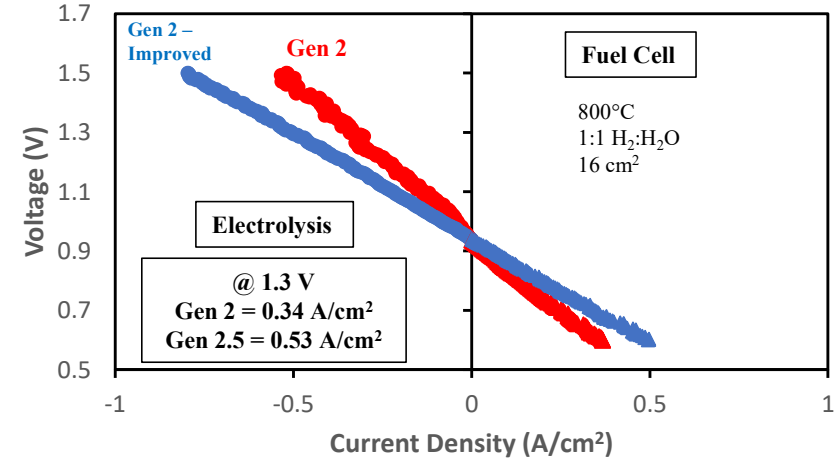
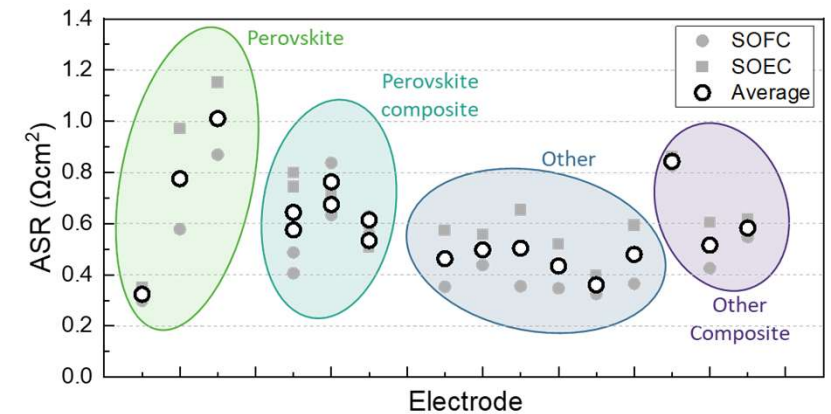
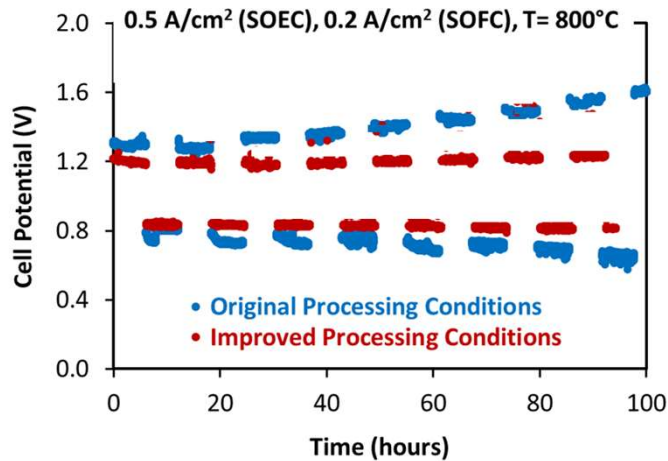
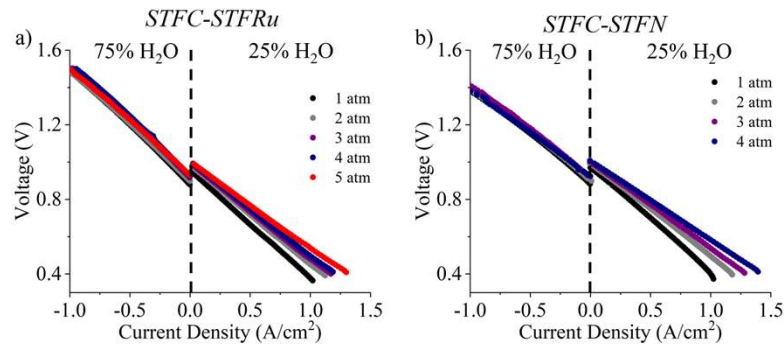
Reversible Solid Oxide Technology

Benefit of SOFC & SOEC?



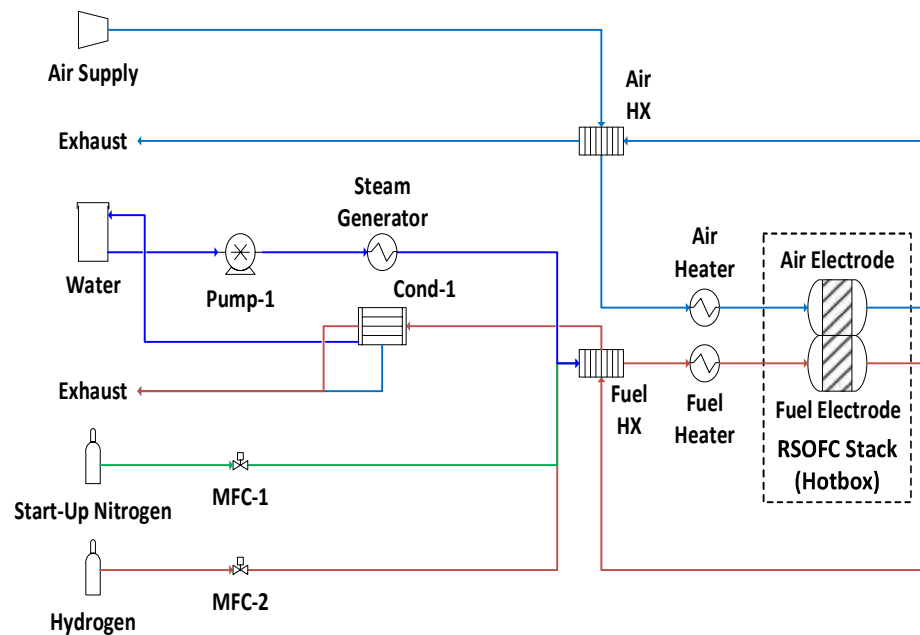
Reversible Solid Oxide Technology

Versatile Materials for ReSOC



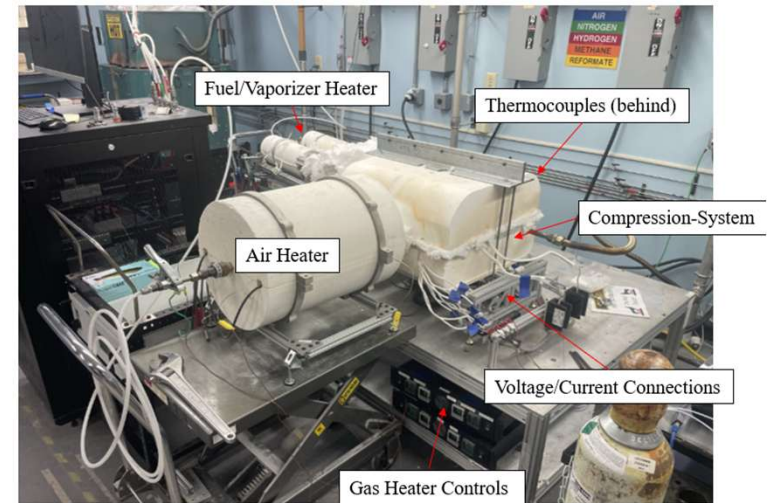
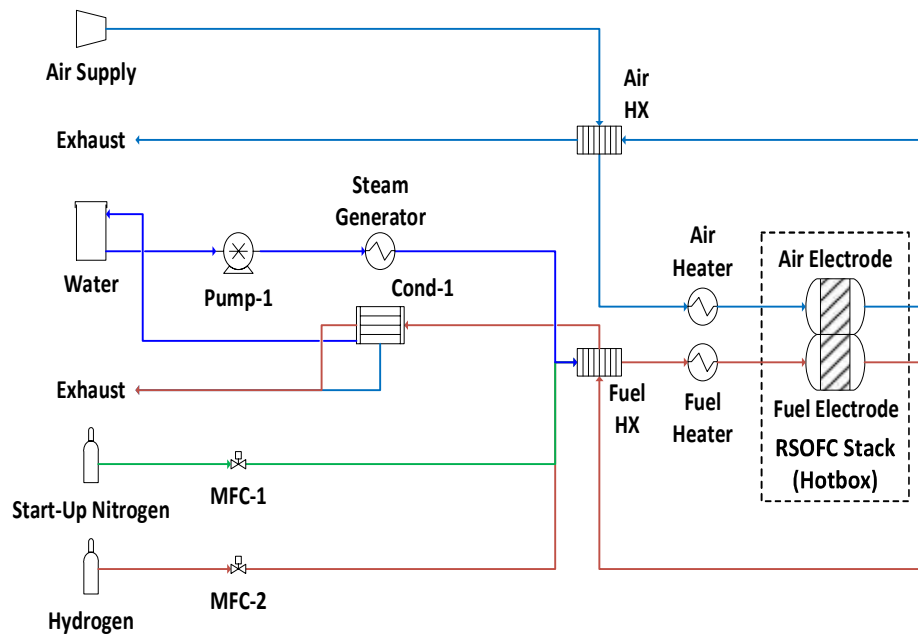
Reversible Solid Oxide Technology

Lab-Scale Validation of Technology



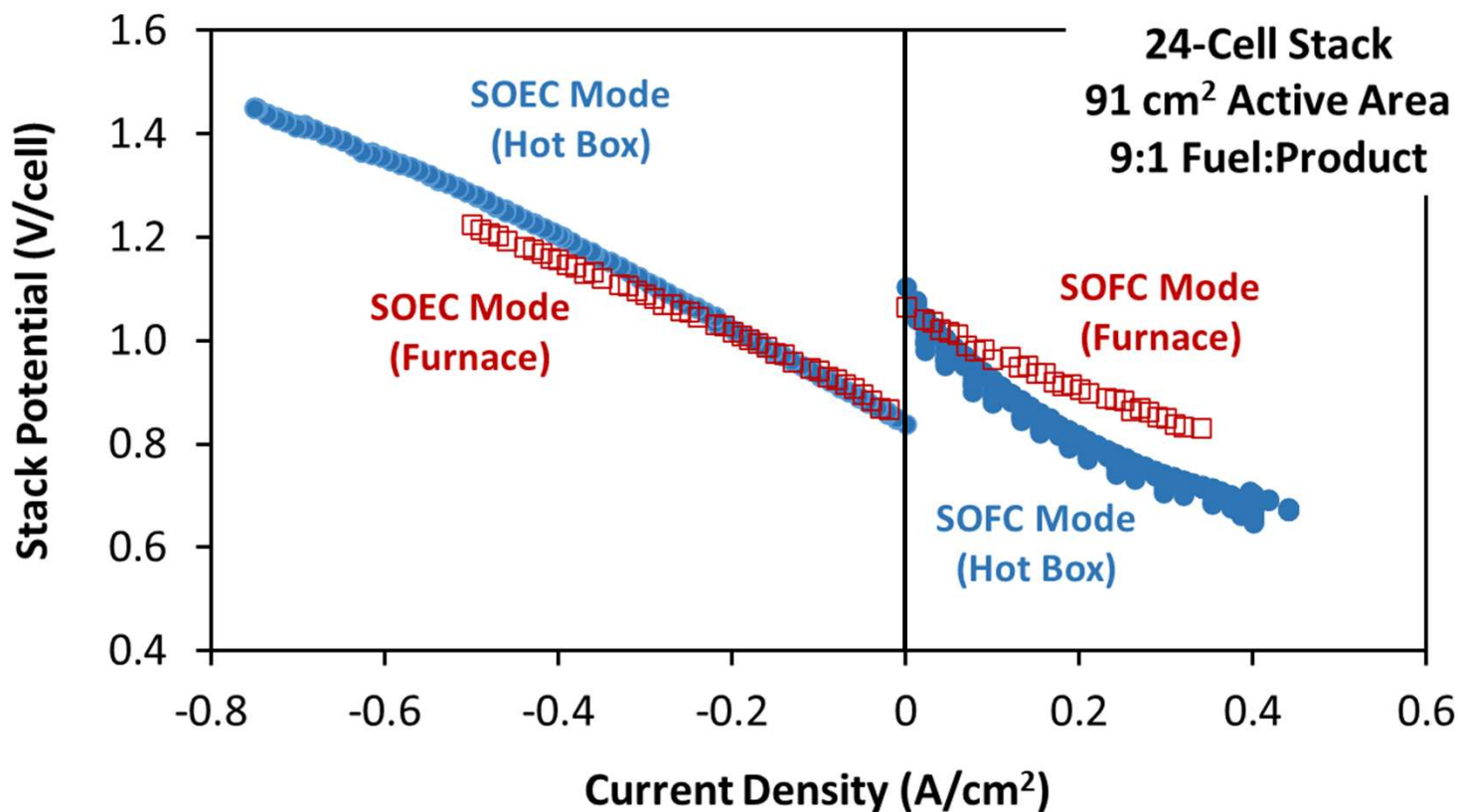
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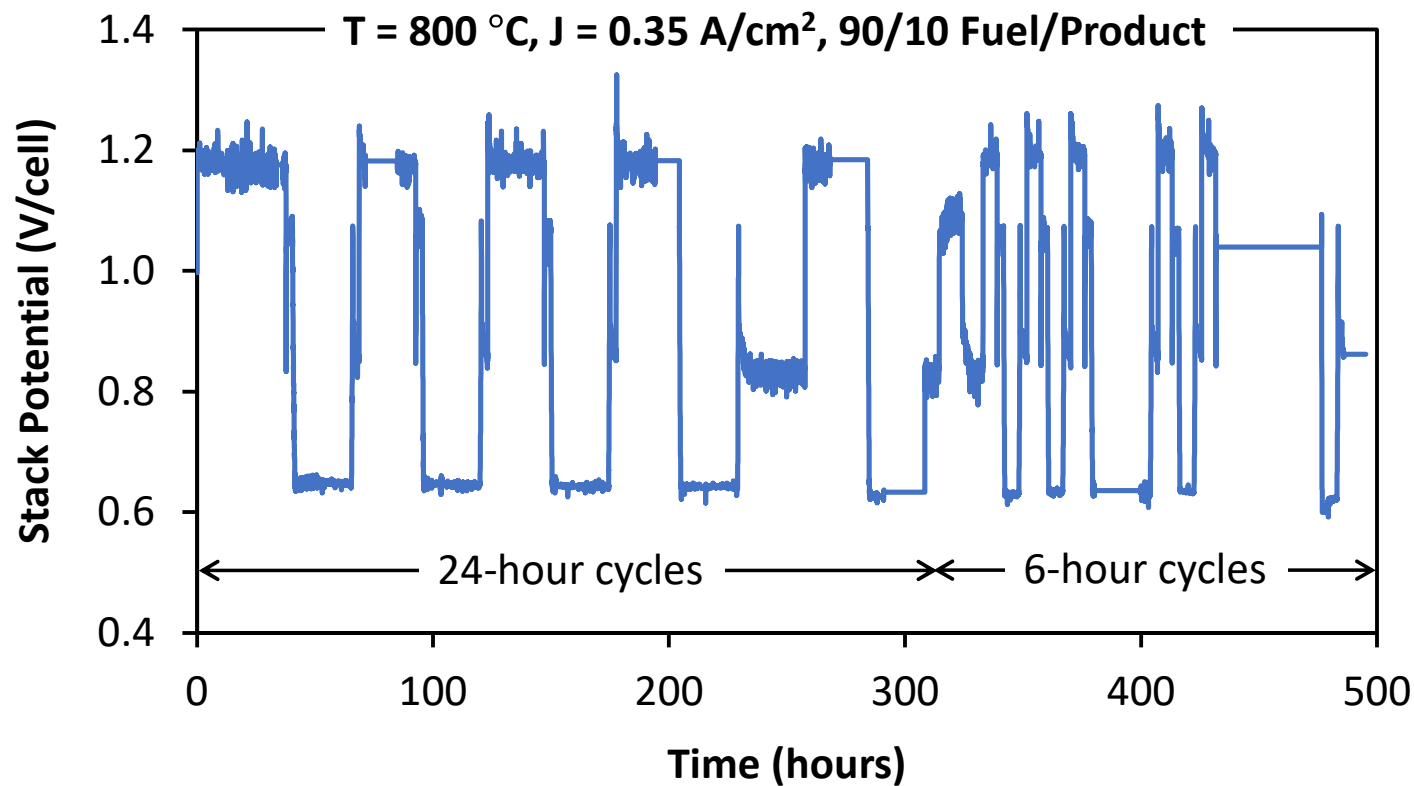
Reversible Solid Oxide Technology

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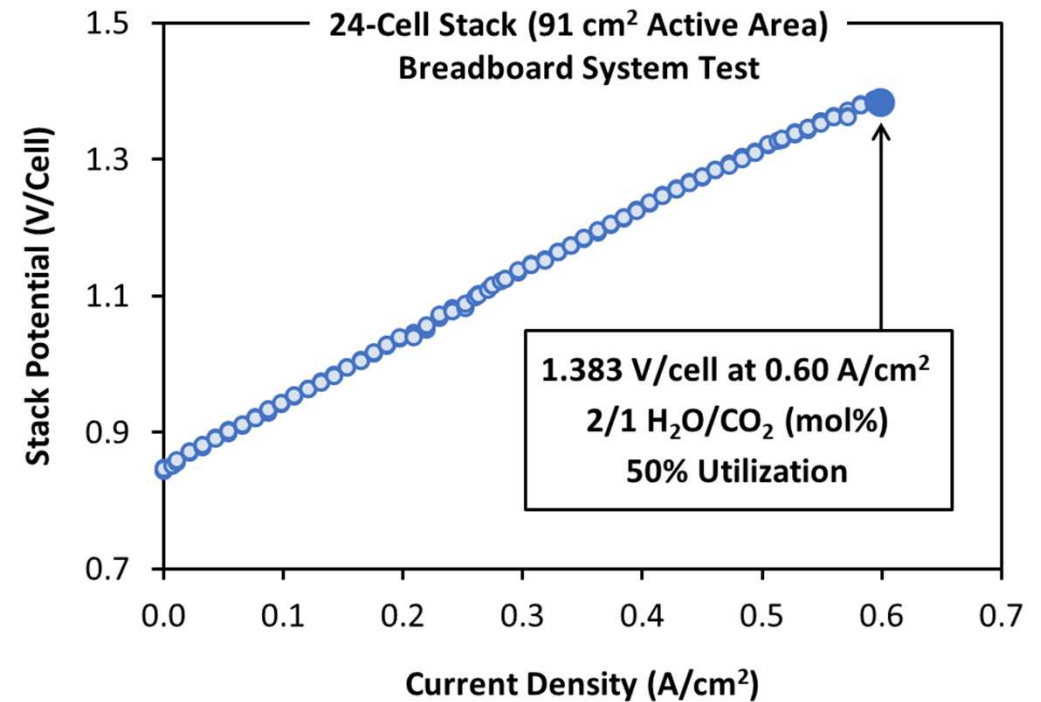
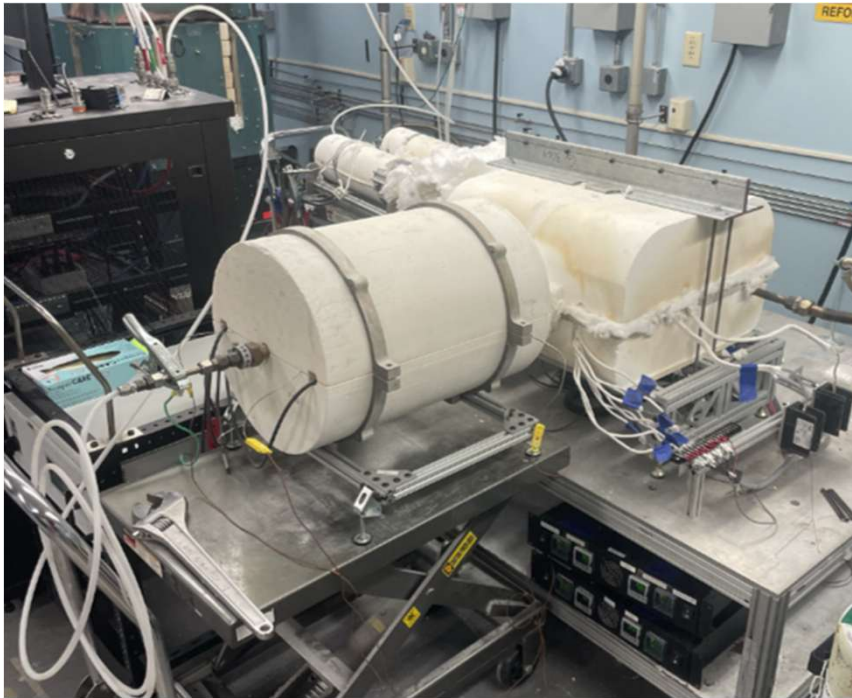


Reversible Solid Oxide Technology

Lab-Scale Validation of Technology



Co-Electrolysis Stack Testing in Breadboard System



Reversible Solid Oxide Technology

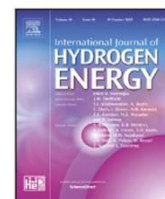
Publication from Colorado School of Mines



Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](https://www.sciencedirect.com)

International Journal of Hydrogen Energy

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/he



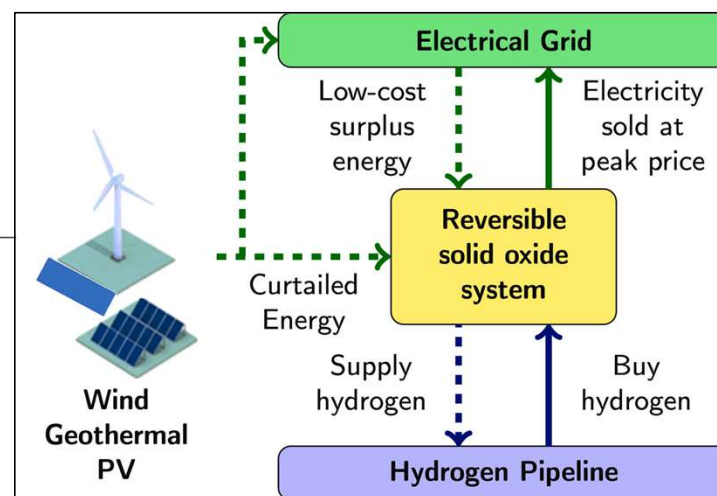
International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 101 (2025) 1116–1135

Performance analysis of a 1 MW reversible solid oxide system for flexible hydrogen and electricity production

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^b Solid Oxide Business Unit, Nexceris LLC, Lewis Center, 43035, OH, United States of America



SOFC – Ultrahigh Performance

Background

The utility of ultra-high powered SOFC for various applications

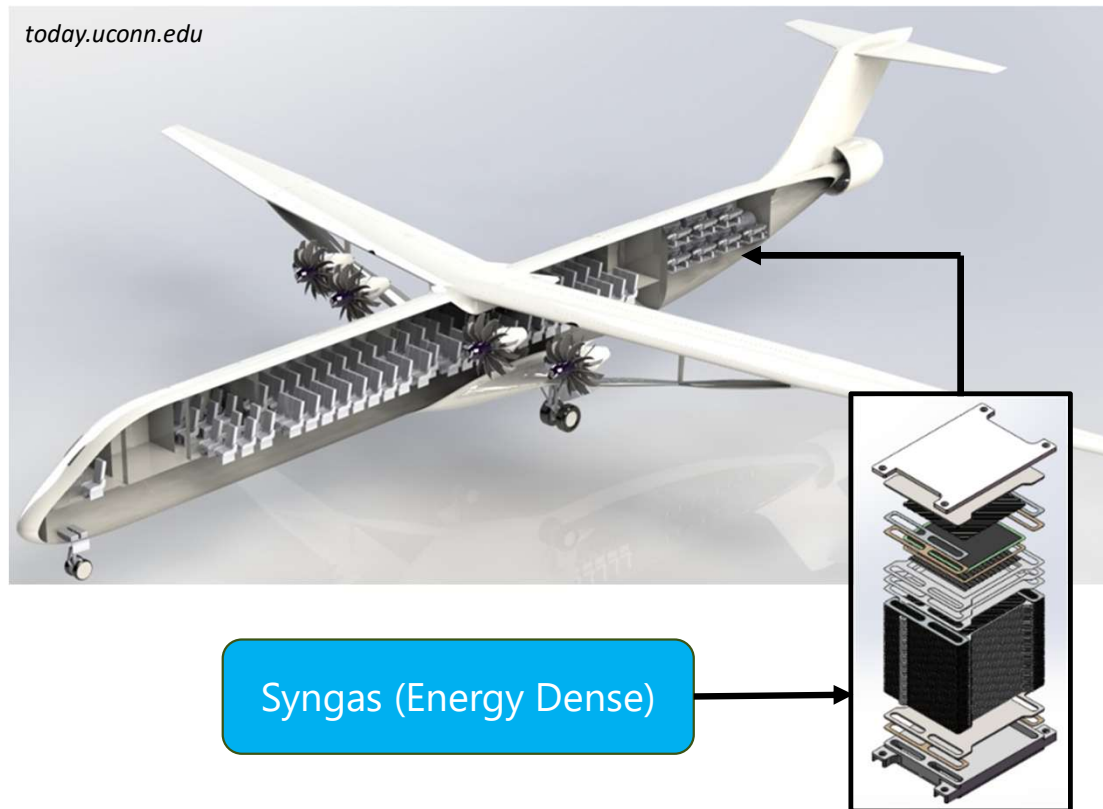
- ▶ Natural gas, data centers, flight-extension, etc.

SOFC for flight-extension

- ▶ Weight of SOA batteries are limiting
- ▶ SOFC ability to convert energy-dense fuels opens path for hybrid-electric powertrains

What's the challenge?

- ▶ Ultra-high performance
- ▶ Thermal cycling
- ▶ Weight



SOFC – Ultrahigh Performance

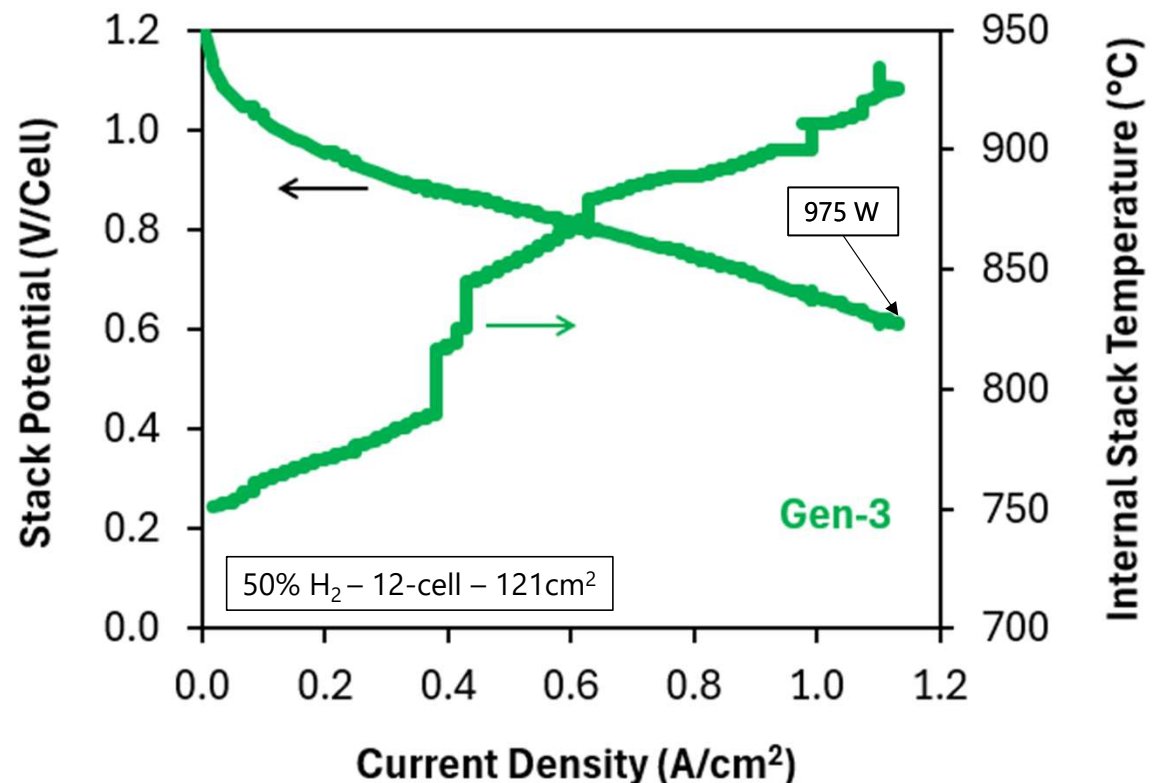
Challenges with High-Performance SOFC Stacks

Pushing a stack to a target Current Density is easy; thermal management is hard

$$Q_{stack} = I^2 R + I \left[\left(\frac{\Delta H_{rxn}}{nF} \right) - V_{cell} \right]$$

Mitigation methods

- ▶ Higher Performance; lower ASR
- ▶ Mass flow rate of air
- ▶ Alter stack design

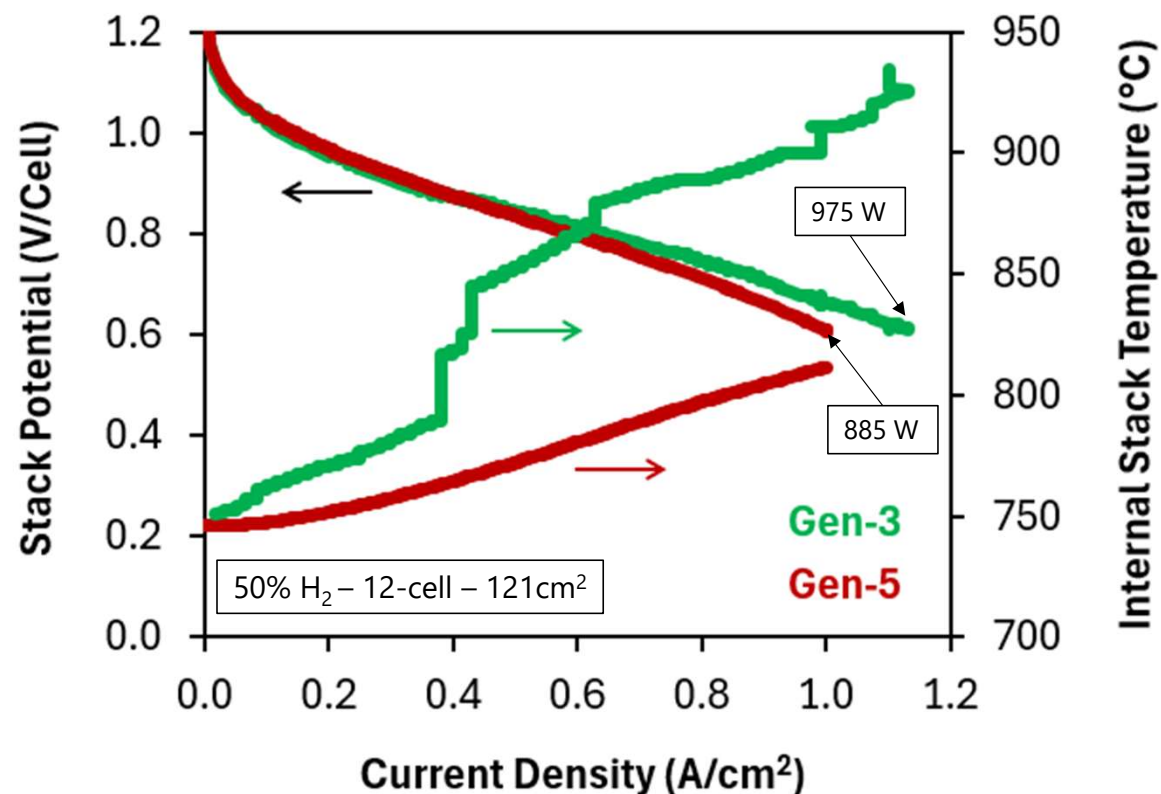


SOFC – Ultrahigh Performance

Challenges with High-Performance SOFC Stacks

Modification of the sealing approach and air cavity allowed much greater temperature control

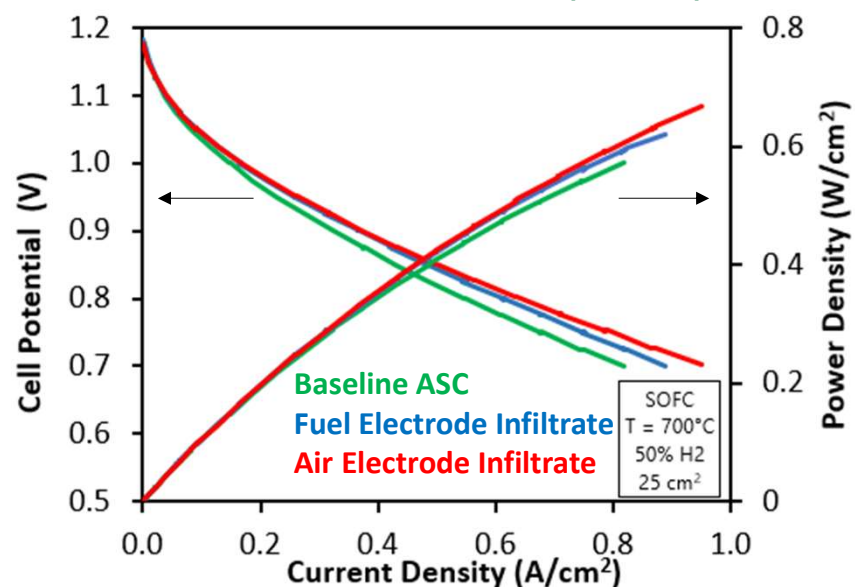
Stack Platform	Voltage [V]	Current Density [A/cm ²]	Total Stack Power [W]	Temperature [°C]
Gen-3	0.660	1.0	950	908
Gen-5	0.607	1.0	885	811



SOFC – Ultrahigh Performance

Methods to Increase Performance

Metal-Nitrate infiltration can improve performance



- ▶ Baseline ASC – 0.857 A/cm²
- ▶ Fuel Infiltrate – 0.894 A/cm²; +4.3%
- ▶ Air Infiltrate – 0.962 A/cm²; +12.3%
- ▶ Air + Fuel Infiltrate – ???

Slide 23

AV1

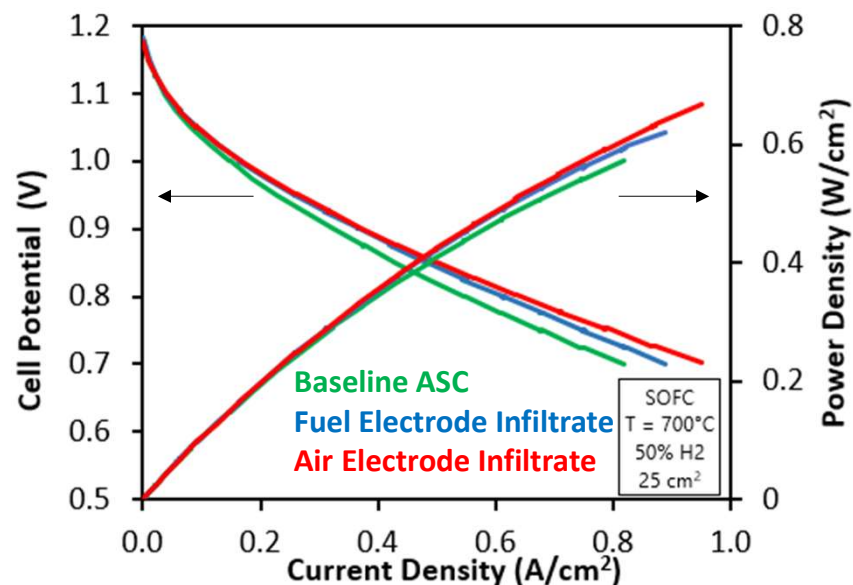
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SOFC – Ultrahigh Performance

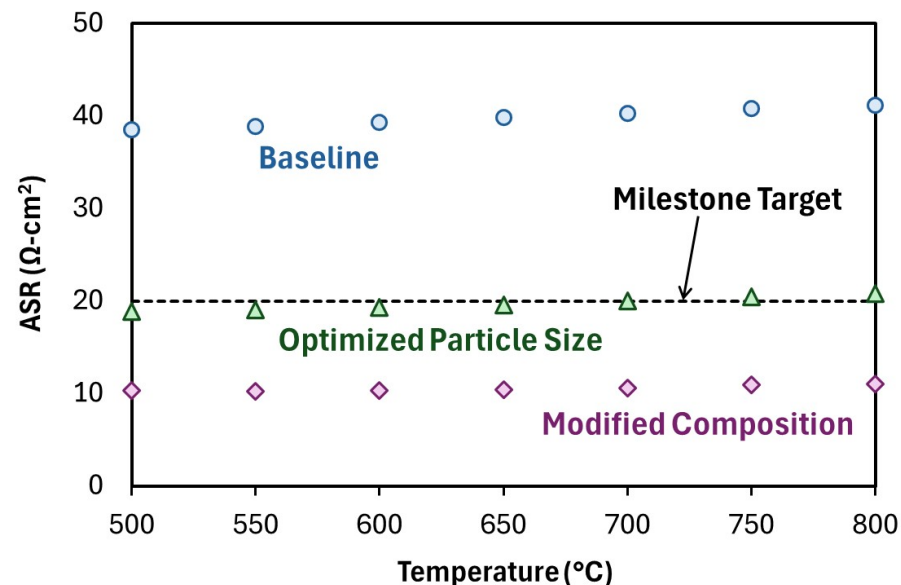
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Contact-Paste Optimization to reduce ASR



- ▶ Through particle size and surface area modification can reduce ASR by almost 50%
- ▶ Further reduction can be achieved through compositional changes (conductive species)

Acknowledgements

Nexceris Colleagues

- ❑ Gabe Slupski – Stack Engineer
- ❑ Mike Funk – Stack Technician
- ❑ Elliot Hinsey – Stack Technician
- ❑ Joshua Emerick – Lead EE
- ❑ Meghan Stout – Lead Chemist
- ❑ Joshua Welsh – Component Fabrication
- ❑ Lura Armbruster – SOC Production
- ❑ And many others

University of Connecticut

- ❑ Xiao-Dong Zhou
- ❑ Yudong Wang
- ❑ Nengneng Xu

Colorado School of Mines

- ❑ Robert Braun
- ❑ Aadarsh Parashar

Financial support for Nexceris' work was provided by DOE (DE-EE0009621, DE-AR001774, and DE-FE0031986).



Our vision is to create a better world through energy innovations.

We collaborate with leading global customers and partners to transform powerful ideas into solutions that make energy production safer, more efficient, and environmentally responsible.

